

VENETIAN BLIND HAVING LIFT CORD STOPPER

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates generally to window blind assemblies and, more particularly, to a safety window blind assembly that has lift cord stopper means.

2. Description of the Related Art

 Venetian blinds are intensively used in building construction to regulate light passing through windows and to decorate windows. FIG. 1 illustrates a window blind
10 assembly constructed according to US patent No. 6,453,974. According to this design, the window blind assembly comprises a top traverse supporter **11**, a bottom bar **12**, a plurality of slats **14**, a blind supporting system **13** for suspendedly and spacedly supporting the slats **14** horizontally between the top traverse supporter **11** and the bottom bar **12**, and a lifting operation system for selectively lifting up the bottom bar
15 **12** towards the top traverse supporter **11** and unlifting the bottom bar **12** to drop downwardly away from the top traverse supporter **11**, wherein the lifting operation system comprises a lift lock **16** rotatably mounted on the top traverse supporter **11** and a pair of lift cords **15** each having a first end portion affixed to the bottom bar **12**, wherein the two lift cords **15** upwardly extend and penetrate through the slats **14**
20 parallelly and then transversely extend through the top traverse supporter **11** while a second end portion **151** of each of the lift cords **15** is extended out of the top traverse supporter **11** via the lift lock **16** to control the folding and unfolding of the window blind assembly. However, the slats **14** may accidentally slide down while the cords **15** are pulled unintentionally, especially when a child plays with the blind or pulls the

middle portion 152 of each lift cord 15, the bottom bar 12 of the window blind assembly may accidentally drop down, which will cause unwanted injury to the soft and weak child. Due to the safety purpose, the blind must incorporate with a safety device that can stop the slats from being dropped down accidentally. According to US
5 patent No. 6,453,974, two cord stoppers 17 are respectively slidably connected on the second end portions 151 of the lift cords 15. The cord stoppers 17 can lock the slats 14 of the window blind assembly in position, so as to prevent the slats 14 from being slid down accidentally. According to this design, the cord stoppers 17 each include a locking guider slidably connected on the second end portion 151 of one lift cord 15 of
10 the window blind assembly by constructing an adjustable knot at a guiding through slot of the locking guider. According to this design, it is complicated and inconvenient to construct an adjustable knot at the guiding through slot of the locking guider of each cord stopper 17.

Therefore, it is desirable to provide a window blind assembly that eliminates
15 the aforesaid drawbacks.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has been accomplished to provide a safety blind, which eliminates the aforesaid drawbacks. It is therefore the main object of the present invention to provide a safety window blind assembly, which prevents excessively
20 stretching of the lifting portion of each lift cord being inserted through the slats.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a safety window blind assembly, which has means to stop the bottom rail from falling when the lift lock failed.

It is still another object of the present invention to provide a safety window
25 blind assembly, which is easy to assemble.

To achieve these objects of the present invention, the window blind assembly comprises a headrail; a bottom rail; a plurality of slats; a blind supporting system suspendedly and spacedly supporting the slats horizontally between the headrail and the bottom rail; at least one lift cord having a first end fixedly fastened to the bottom rail and a second end extending upwardly through the slats into the headrail and then downwardly through a lift lock in a bottom side of the headrail and terminating in an operation portion suspended below the headrail at a distance; and at least one cord stopper coupled to the lift cord. The cord stopper has a center wire hole adapted to receive a part of the lift cord and two retaining grooves formed in the periphery thereof and spaced from the center of the cord stopper at different sides for retaining the part of the lift cord been inserted through the center wire hole.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a window blind assembly according to US patent No. 6,453,974.

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a safety window blind assembly according to the present invention.

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of a cord stopper for use in the safety window blind assembly according to the present invention.

FIG. 4 is an enlarged view of a part of FIG. 2 showing the cord stopper fastened to the lift cord.

FIGS. 5 and 6 are schematic drawings showing how the cord stopper fastens to the lift cord according to the present invention.

FIG. 7 is another perspective view of the present invention, showing one cord stopper stopped at the bottom rail outside the lift lock.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring to Referring to FIG. 2, a safety window blind assembly in accordance with the present invention is shown, similar to a conventional window blind assembly, comprising a headrail 22, a bottom rail 23, a plurality of slats 21 arranged in parallel between the headrail 22 and the bottom rail 23, a blind supporting system, i.e., symmetrical pairs of ladder tapes 24 for suspendedly and spacedly supporting the slats 21 horizontally between the headrail 22 and the bottom rail 23, two lift cords 25 for controlling the elevation of the bottom rail 23, and a lift lock 26 mounted in the headrail 22 near one end and adapted to lock the lift cords 25. The lift cords 25 each has one end fixedly fastened to the bottom rail 23, and the other end extending upwardly through the slats 21 into the inside of the headrail 22 and then rightwards toward the right end of the headrail 22 and then downwardly through the lift lock 26 to the outside of the headrail 22. The user adjustably divides each lift cord 25 into a lifting portion 252 that passes through the slats 21 and the headrail 22, and an operation portion 251 that extends out of the headrail 22 for pulling. The safety window blind assembly further comprises two cord stoppers 27 respectively coupled to the operation portions 251 of the lift cords 25.

Referring to FIG. 3, the cord stoppers 27 are flat block members, each having a center wire hole 271 and two retaining grooves 272. The center wire hole 271 is a through hole through the front and back sides of the respective cord stopper 27 at the center. The two retaining grooves 272 are symmetrically in the periphery of the respective cord stopper 27 and equally spaced from the center (the center wire hole 271) of the respective cord stopper 27 at two sides. Each retaining groove 272 has a width gradually reduced from the periphery toward the center of the respective cord stopper

27. Each cord stopper 27 further comprises two pairs of protruded stop portions 273 respectively suspended in the retaining grooves 272 at two sides and facing each other. Each pair of protruded stop portions 273 define with the inner end of the corresponding retaining groove 272 an engagement space 274.

5 Referring to FIGS. 4~6, the operation portion 251 is folded up and inserted through the center wire hole 271 of the cord stopper 27, and then the open loop 254 thus formed of the folded operation portion 251 is turned backwards and hung in the retaining grooves 272, for enabling the open loop 254 of the folded operation portion 251 to be forced through the protruded stop portions 273 into the respective
10 engagement spaces 274, and then the operation portion 251 is pulled tightly. Because the retaining grooves 272 have a width gradually reduced from the periphery toward the center of the cord stopper 27, the operation portion 251 can easily be forced into the retaining grooves 272 and set into engagement with the engagement spaces 274. When set into the engagement spaces 274, the protruded stop portions 273 stop the
15 operation portion 251 from escaping out of the engagement spaces 274. When in use, the cord stoppers 27 are kept away from the lift lock 26 at a predetermined distance.

Referring to FIG. 7, normally, the lift lock 26 controls the sliding status of the lift cords 25. When the lift lock 26 failed, the slats 21 and the bottom rail 23 drop due to the effect of their gravity weight, thereby causing the operation portion 251 of
20 each lift cord 25 to move relative to the lift lock 26 toward the inside of the headrail 22. When the operation portion 251 of each lift cord 25 moving toward the inside of the headrail 22, the respective cord stopper 27 will be stopped at the lift lock 26 to limit the downward movement of the bottom rail 23 and the slats 21 within a predetermined safety range, preventing the falling bottom rail 23 from hitting a person.

25 Referring to FIG. 7 again, when a child pulling the lifting portion 252 of one

lift cord 25 for fun, the cord stopper 27 of the corresponding lift cord 25 will be stopped at the lift lock 26 to limit the stretching of the lift cord 25.

As indicated above, the safety window blind assembly of the present invention achieves advantages as follows:

5 1. The cord stopper 27 in each lift cord 25 limits the sliding distance of the respective lift cord 25 relative to the lift lock 26, preventing a sudden falling of the bottom rail 23 upon failure of the lift lock 26.

 2. By means of inserting the middle part of the operation portion 251 of the lift cord 25 into the center wire hole 271, the respective cord stopper 27 is easily
10 installed in the respective lift cord 25.

 3. The vertical moving distance of the bottom rail 23 and the stretching distance of the lifting portion 252 of the respective lift cord 25 can be controlled by adjusting the position of the cord stopper 27 in the respective lift cord 25.

 4. The design of the engagement spaces 274 in the retaining grooves 272
15 enables the respective cord stopper 27 to be positively secured to the respective lift cord 25.

 5. By means of loosening the open loop 254 of the lift cord 25, the respective cord stopper 27 is unlocked and allowed to be moved relative to the respective lift cord 25 to the desired elevation.

20 6. The invention can be employed to conventional window blind assemblies without changing the original structural design.

 7. The installation of the cord stoppers 27 does not affect the sense of beauty of the window blind assembly.

 Although a particular embodiment of the invention has been described in
25 detail for purposes of illustration, various modifications and enhancements may be

made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. For example, by means of expanding the diameter of the center wire hole **271** and/or increasing the number of the retaining grooves **272**, the cord stopper **27** can be fastened to a plurality of lift cords **25**. Further, the retaining grooves **272** can be formed in two adjacent
5 peripheral sides of the cord stopper **27**. Accordingly, the invention is not to be limited except as by the appended claims.